A Report to the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence River Water Resources Compact Council/Regional Body Water Conservation and Efficiency Program Review New York State 2020

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Status of State's Program: NYS DEC's Division of Water currently regulates by permit or registration all water withdrawal systems with the capacity to withdraw 100,000 gallons per day or more within the Basin. Since 1988, NYS ECL §15-1503 has required the submittal of a water conservation plan with each new application for a permit for a public water supply system. The main objective of the plans is to promote implementation of the most environmentally sound and economically feasible water conservation measures. Components of these plans must include, at a minimum, 1) customer and source metering, 2) water auditing, 3) leak detection and repair and 4) outdoor water use management.

Amendments to NYS ECL §15-1501, et seq. were passed into law in 2011 and became effective on February 15, 2012. The new law extended NYS DEC's permitting and registration authority throughout the state and includes registration of existing agricultural withdrawals that are greater than 100,000 gpd (30-day average) and of major basin water diversions outside of the Basin of greater than 1,000,000 gpd. Implementing regulations (6 NYCRR Part 601) took effect on April 1, 2013 that included a five-year schedule, completed in 2017, to permit all existing withdrawals that meet the threshold volume. The statute and regulations strengthen the existing water conservation and efficient use provisions by including two objectives in addition to those stated above: (1) recycling and reuse, and (2) reductions during drought. On May 25, 2017, NYS DEC issued Technical & Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 3.2.1 to promote consistent implementation of these statutes and regulations. (See http://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/water_pdf/togs321.pdf.) On April 12, 2017, the NYS DEC issued Technical & Operational Guidance Series (TOGS) 1.3.12 that includes procedures to ensure that water withdrawals will result in no significant or cumulative adverse impacts to the quantity and quality of the water source and water dependent natural resources. (See http://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/water_pdf/flowtogsfinal.pdf.)

OBJECTIVES	LEGISLATIVE OR PROGRAM CITATION
o Guide programs toward long-	NYS ECL §1501(8) requires the NYS DEC to establish a water
term sustainable water use.	conservation and efficiency program based on the Compact's five
	water conservation goals to assure consistency; NYS ECL §1503(2)
	enacts the Compact's decision-making criteria for permit approval,
	including implementation in a manner that incorporates
	environmentally sound and economically feasible water
	conservation measures; and 1503(3) requires the DEC to publish a
	water conservation manual. Guidance (TOGS 3.2.1) for consistent
	implementation of these statutes was issued May 25, 2017 (See
	<pre>http://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/water_pdf/togs321.pdf.)</pre>

Adopt and implement supply and demand management to promote efficient use and conservation of water resources.	Flow-related guidance (TOGS 1.3.12) considering pass-by flows and reservoir releases to ensure that water withdrawals will result in no significant or cumulative adverse impacts to the quantity and quality of the water source and water dependent natural resources was issued April 12, 2017. (See http://www.dec.ny.gov/docs/water_pdf/flowtogsfinal.pdf .) Water Conservation Manuals [NYS ECL §15-1503(3)] have been developed by NYS DEC to address various components of this objective which will be incorporated into conservation plans developed by all new water permit applicants. - Water conservation plans are required to provide annual water audit data which compares produced water to metered usage. - All water withdrawal permit applications for new or increased groundwater withdrawals must submit the results of a pumping test. - All water withdrawal applications for new or increased surface withdrawals must submit hydrological data to confirm dependable water supply yields while adequately protecting water levels and in-stream flows for habitat.
o Improve monitoring and standardize data reporting among State and Provincial water conservation and efficiency programs.	All water withdrawers with the capacity to withdraw 100,000 gallons per day or more are required to report their average monthly water withdrawals and types of use on an annual basis. Standard reporting forms for the submittal of this data have been developed. (See http://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/86940.html .) Information required is consistent with guidance developed by Compact Council/Regional Body. The NYS DEC's Division of Water annually reports this information to the Great Lakes Commission for incorporation into the Great Lakes Regional Water Use Database.
	New York's Great Lakes Action Agenda, an ecosystem-based management strategy for protecting, restoring and conserving natural resources, includes a goal to "Conserve Great Lakes Water Supplies" with nine specific priority actions designed to focus state policies, programs and ongoing funding opportunities. (See https://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/91881.html .)
o Develop science, technology and research.	In developing an additional Water Conservation Manual for non-potable uses, the DEC has worked to identify best management practices (BMPs) and state of the art technologies for consideration by various water user categories. This manual will continue to be updated as additional technologies and efficiencies are learned through consultation with entities such as AWWA.
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	policies, programs and ongoing funding opportunities. (See
	https://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/91881.html.)
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o Develop education programs	NYS DEC's current public guidance information is available on
and information sharing for all water users.	NYS DEC's website:
	- Annual Water Withdrawal Reporting:
	http://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/86940.html
	- Water Conservation Tips for the Public:
	http://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/5009.html
	The Water Conservation Manuals have been designed specifically
	to enhance public understanding and user access to best
	management practices for assisting various water users in
	developing their required plans. The manuals can be found at:
	http://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/86945.html
	intp://www.dec.ny.gov/idinds/00545.html
	All permitted and registered water withdrawals are included in a
	Google Earth data layer within the NYS GIS Clearinghouse and are
	available to the public at:
	http://www.dec.ny.gov/pubs/42978.html#waterwith
	Annual water withdrawal reports are now posted on NYS DEC's
	new InfoLocator, an online, interactive map that provides access to
	many NYS DEC documents, permits, and public data. InfoLocator
	can be found on NYS DEC's public website at
	http://www.dec.ny.gov/pubs/109457.html.
	New York's Great Lakes Action Agenda is an ecosystem-based
	management strategy for protecting, restoring and conserving natural resources. Work groups foster communication and
	collaboration among partners within each of the four sub-basins
	and across the state's Great Lakes watershed. (See
	https://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/91881.html.)
	https://www.ucc.ny.gov/fanus/71001.html./
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